

○ 1. Dividiere, indem du mit dem Kehrbruch multiplizierst.

a) $\frac{5}{4} : \frac{2}{3} = \frac{5 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 2} = \underline{\underline{\frac{15}{8}}} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1\frac{7}{8}}{}}}$

b) $\frac{3}{7} : \frac{7}{6} = \underline{\underline{\frac{\cdot}{\cdot}}} = \underline{\underline{\frac{18}{49}}}$

c) $\frac{1}{6} : \frac{2}{7} = \underline{\underline{\frac{7}{12}}}$

d) $\frac{5}{18} : \frac{3}{5} = \underline{\underline{\frac{25}{54}}}$

● 2. Dividiere. Kürze vor dem Ausrechnen.

a) $\frac{5}{9} : \frac{7}{12} = \underline{\underline{\frac{5 \cdot 12}{9 \cdot 7}}} = \underline{\underline{\frac{20}{21}}}$

b) $\frac{25}{27} : \frac{5}{18} = \underline{\underline{\frac{\cdot}{\cdot}}} = \underline{\underline{3\frac{1}{3}}}$

c) $\frac{8}{13} : \frac{4}{5} = \underline{\underline{\frac{10}{13}}}$

d) $\frac{9}{11} : \frac{3}{4} = \underline{\underline{\frac{12}{11}}} = \underline{\underline{1\frac{1}{11}}}$

e) $\frac{6}{7} : \frac{6}{9} = \underline{\underline{\frac{9}{7}}} = \underline{\underline{1\frac{2}{7}}}$

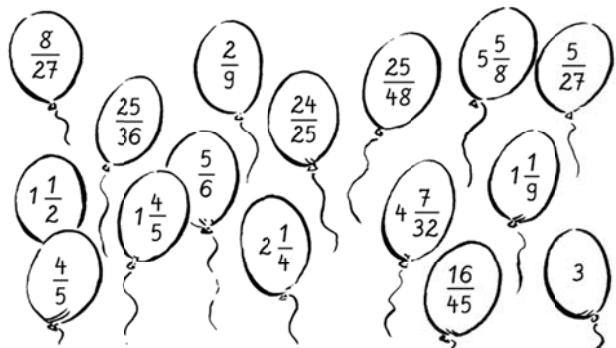
f) $\frac{10}{19} : \frac{5}{8} = \underline{\underline{\frac{16}{19}}}$

g) $\frac{11}{27} : \frac{5}{18} = \underline{\underline{\frac{22}{15}}} = \underline{\underline{1\frac{7}{15}}}$

h) $\frac{9}{25} : \frac{12}{15} = \underline{\underline{\frac{9}{20}}}$

● 3. Berechne. Streiche die Ergebnisse in den Ballons ab.

:	$\frac{4}{9}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	$3\frac{3}{5}$
$\frac{4}{5}$	$\frac{9}{5} = 1\frac{4}{5}$	$\frac{24}{25}$	$\frac{16}{45}$	$\frac{2}{9}$
$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{4}{5}$	$\frac{8}{27}$	$\frac{5}{27}$
$1\frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{135}{32} = 4\frac{7}{32}$	$\frac{9}{4} = 2\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$\frac{25}{48}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{45}{8} = 5\frac{5}{8}$	3	$\frac{10}{9} = 1\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{25}{36}$



Feldhaus, Hans-Jürgen